

Intermediate Greek Certificate Specimen Paper

[NB: live papers will have lines and tick-boxes for candidate answers]

90 minutes 100 marks

Answer all the questions

1. Read the passage below and answer the questions that follow.

This passage describes how Paris was told to judge a contest.

- 1 ὁ Παρις, νεανίας ὢν, παλαι ἐν ἀγρῷ προβατα ἐφυλασσεν. ὁ δὲ Ἑρμῆς, ὁ
2 τῶν θεῶν ἀγγελος, τρεῖς θεᾶς εἰς τὸν ἀγρὸν ἤγαγεν. ὁ οὖν Παρις δια
3 φοβὸν ἠθέλε φευγεῖν, ἀλλὰ ὁ Ἑρμῆς ἠγγειλεν· “ἐνθαδὲ μενε, ὦ νεανία.
4 ὁ γὰρ Ζεὺς αὐτὸς κελεύει σε εἶναι κριτὴν ἐν ἀγωνί. τρεῖς θεαὶ νῦν παρῆσιν·
5 πασαὶ καλαὶ εἰσιν, ἀλλὰ τίς ἐστὶ καλλιστῆ τῶν τριῶν; ἕκαστῃ θεᾷ ἐθέλει, δῶρον
6 παρεχούσα, πειθεῖν σε ἑαυτὴν ἐκλεγείν.” Παρις, ἐπεὶ ἤκουσε τοὺς
7 λόγους, πρῶτον μὲν οἶος τ’ ἦν λεγείν οὐδέν.

Names

Παρις, Παριδος, ὁ	Paris
Ἑρμῆς, Ἑρμου, ὁ	Hermes

Words

προβατα, προβατων, τα	sheep
καλλιστῆ	(here) the most beautiful
ἑαυτὴν	her, herself (accusative)
ἐκλεγω	I choose

- (a) ὁ Παρις νεανίας ὢν (line 1): what are we told here about Paris? [1]
- (b) παλαι ἐν ἀγρῷ προβατα ἐφυλασσεν (line 1):
- (i) Paris was in a field doing what? [1]
- (ii) when was this happening? [1]
- (c) ὁ δὲ Ἑρμῆς, ὁ τῶν θεῶν ἀγγελος, τρεῖς θεᾶς εἰς τὸν ἀγρὸν ἤγαγεν (lines 1-2):
- (i) write down and translate the Greek phrase that tells us who Hermes is. [3]
- Greek phrase:
- Translation:

- (ii) whom did Hermes lead into the field? [2]
- (d) ὁ οὖν Παρις δια φοβον ἠθελε φευγειν (lines 2-3):
- (i) what did Paris want to do? [1]
- (ii) why did he want to do this? [1]
- (iii) write down an English word that comes from φοβον [1]
- (e) ἀλλα ὁ Ἑρμης ἠγγειλεν· “ἐνθαδε μενε, ὦ νεανια. ὁ γαρ Ζευς αὐτος κελευει σε εἶναι κριτην ἐν ἀγωνι (lines 3-4):
- (i) what did Hermes tell Paris to do? [1]
- (ii) what was Zeus ordering Paris to do? [2]
- (iii) which is the correct translation of αὐτος here? Tick (✓) the box next to your chosen answer. [1]
- A him
- B himself
- C the same
- (f) τρεις θεαι νυν παρεισιν· πασαι καλαι εἰσιν, ἀλλα τίς ἐστι καλλιστη των τριων; ἕκαστη θεα ἐθελει, δωρον παρεχουσα, πειθειν σε ἑαυτην ἐκλεγειν.” (lines 4-6): which **three** of the following statements are true? Write your chosen letters in the boxes underneath. [3]
- A Paris was being ordered to choose the most beautiful goddess
- B each goddess wanted a gift
- C each goddess was providing a gift
- D all the gifts were beautiful
- E each goddess wanted to persuade Paris to choose her
- F each goddess wanted Paris to persuade her
- (g) Παρις, ἐπει ἠκουσε τους λογους, πρωτον μεν οἶος τ’ ἦν λεγειν οὐδεν (lines 6-7): what effect did the words he heard have on Paris? [2]

Total 20

2. Translate the following parts of the story into English. Write your translation on the lines below the passage. [40]

This passage describes what the first two goddesses offered.

ἔπειτα δε αἱ θεαὶ ἔλεγον περὶ τῶν δῶρων.

ἡ δὲ Ἥρα πρώτη εἶπεν· “ἀρα ἐθέλεις ἀρχῶν μεγίστος εἶναι; ἐκλεγε με, καὶ παντῶν βασιλευσεῖς.”

καὶ ἡ Ἀθηνῆ δευτέρα εἶπεν· “ἐγὼ παρεχω σοὶ σοφίαν τε μεγίστην καὶ νικῆν ἐν πολέμῳ. ἐκλεγε με, καὶ λαμβάνε το ἔμον δῶρον.”

Names

Ἥρα, Ἡρας, ἡ	Hera
Ἀθηνῆ, Ἀθηνῆς, ἡ	Athena

Words

ἐκλεγω	I choose
βασιλευω	I am king of (+ <i>genitive</i>)

Now continue with your translation.

This passages describes what the third goddess offered, and the result of the contest.

ἡ δὲ Ἀφροδίτη τρίτη εἶπεν· “ἐγὼ καλὴ εἶμι καὶ καλὸν δῶρον παρεχω. ἐστὶν ἐν τῇ Σπαρτῇ γυνὴ τις, Ἑλενη ὀνοματι, καλλιστῇ οὐσα πασῶν ἀνθρώπων. εἰ ἐθέλεις γαμεῖν τὴν Ἑλενην, παρέχε μοι τὸ ἐν τῷ ἀγῶνι ἄθλον.”

Παρις οὖν εὐθύς εἶπεν· “ἡ Ἀφροδίτη καλλιστῇ ἐστὶ τῶν θεῶν.”

Names

Ἀφροδίτη, Ἀφροδίτης, ἡ	Aphrodite
Σπαρτῆ, Σπαρτῆς, ἡ	Sparta (<i>city in southern Greece</i>)
Ἑλενη, Ἑλενης, ἡ	Helen
Παρις, Παριδος, ὁ	Paris

Words

γυνή, ἡ	woman
καλλιστῇ	(<i>here</i>) the most beautiful
εἰ	if
γαμεῖν	to marry

3. Read the passage below and answer the questions that follow.

Paris wins Helen and escapes with her.

1 μετα δε τον άγωνα, ή Αφροδιτη έπεμψε τον Παριδα προς την Σπαρτην, ώς
2 κλεψοντα την Έλενην. το δε έργον χαλεπον ήν διοτι ή Έλενη γυνη ήν του
3 Μενελαου, του της Σπαρτης άρχοντος. ή μεντοι Έλενη, έπει ειδη τον
4 Παριδα, έθαυμασε διοτι ό νεανιας καλλιστος ήν. ό δε Παρις, πεισας την
5 Έλενην λειπειν τον Μενελαον, της νυκτος έδραμε μετα αυτης προς την
6 θαλασσαν. και ουδεις έδιωξε το πλοιον αυτων εκ του λιμενος πλεον.
7 ό τε Παρις και ή Έλενη πολλας ώρας επλεον· τελος δε προς την Τροιαν
8 ήλθον.

Names

Αφροδιτη, Αφροδιτης, ή	Aphrodite
Παρις, Παριδος, ό	Paris
Σπαρτη, Σπαρτης, ή	Sparta
Έλενη, Έλενης, ή	Helen
Μενελαος, Μενελαου, ό	Menelaus
Τροια, Τροιας, ή	Troy (city in modern Turkey, where Paris lived)

Words

γυνη, ή	(here) wife
πλεω	I sail

(a) μετα δε τον άγωνα, ή Αφροδιτη έπεμψε τον Παριδα προς την Σπαρτην, ώς κλεψοντα την Έλενην (lines 1-2):

(i) what does μετα mean here? [1]

(ii) what did Aphrodite do? [2]

(iii) which is the correct translation of ώς κλεψοντα? Tick (✓) the box next to your chosen answer. [1]

- A as he had stolen
B because he was stealing
C in order to steal

(b) το δε έργον χαλεπον ήν διοτι ή Έλενη γυνη ήν του Μενελαου, του της Σπαρτης άρχοντος (lines 2-3):

- (i) write down and translate the Greek word that describes το ἔργον. [2]
Greek word:
Translation:
- (ii) what are we told here about Helen? [1]
- (iii) how is Menelaus described? [2]
- (c) ἡ μεντοι Ἑλενη, ἐπει εἶδε τον Παριδα, ἐθαυμασε διοτι ὁ νεανιας καλλιστος ἦν (lines 3-4):
- (i) which is the correct translation of ἐπει εἶδε? Tick (✓) the box next to your chosen answer. [1]
- A then she saw
B when she said
C when she saw
- (ii) what tense is ἐθαυμασε? [1]
- (iii) translate διοτι ὁ νεανιας καλλιστος ἦν. [4]
- (d) ὁ δε Παρις, πεισας την Ἑλενην λειπειν τον Μενελαον, της νυκτος ἐδραμε μετα αὐτης προς την θαλασσαν (lines 4-6):
- (i) what part of the verb is πεισας? [1]
- (ii) what did Paris persuade Helen to do? [2]
- (iii) της νυκτος: why is the genitive case used here? [1]
- (iv) what would ἐδραμεν be in the present tense? [1]
- (v) to whom does αὐτης refer? [1]
- (vi) την θαλασσαν: why is the accusative case used here? [1]
- (e) και οὐδεις ἐδιωξε το πλοιον αὐτων ἐκ του λιμενος πλεον (line 6):
- (i) what did no-one do? [3]

(ii) what was the boat doing? [2]

(f) ὁ τε Παρις καὶ ἡ Ἑλένη πολλὰς ὥρας ἐπλεον· τέλος δὲ πρὸς τὴν Τροίαν ἦλθον
(lines 7-8):

(i) for how long were Paris and Helen sailing? [2]

(ii) what happened finally? [1]

Total 30

4. English to Greek sentences

(a) Fill the gap in each of the following sentences with the correct word: [2]

A few citizens were in the market-place.

ὀλίγοι _____ ἐν τῇ ἀγορᾷ ἦσαν. (πολιτᾶς / πολιτᾶι / πολιτᾶις)

We are not in danger.

οὐκ ἐσμὲν ἐν _____. (κινδυνῶ / κινδυνόν / κινδυνού)

(b) Study the following sentence:

The messenger learns the words.

ὁ ἀγγελὸς μανθάνει τοὺς λόγους.

(i) to make it mean 'The messenger was learning the words', what would
μανθάνει change to? [1]

(ii) to make it mean 'The messengers learn the words',
what would ἀγγελὸς change to?
and what would μανθάνει change to? [2]

(c) Translate the following sentence into Greek: [5]

Is the temple of the god new?

Total 10